POLITICAL LANDSCAPE

1. [QRightDirection] Would you say things in the United States are headed in the right direction, or is the country off on the wrong track? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Right direction 28%
   2. Wrong track 65%
   3. Unsure 7%

IF SAYS WRONG TRACK [QRightDirection=2], ASK:

2. [QWrongTrack] Who do you hold most responsible for the country heading in the wrong direction? [RANDOMIZE 1-6]
   (n=6327)
   1. President Biden 56%
   2. Congressional Republicans 15%
   3. Congressional Democrats 11%
   4. The COVID-19 pandemic 7%
   5. The media 3%
   6. The Supreme Court 2%
   7. Unsure 6%

ASK ALL:

3. [QInflationResponsible] Who or what do you hold more responsible for high inflation? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   (n=6327)
   1. The Democrats, led by President Biden 59%
   2. The Republicans, including former President Trump 26%
   3. Unsure 15%
4. [QApproval] Do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling his job as President? [RANDOMIZE SCALE 1-4, 4-1]
   STRONGLY/SOMETIME APPROVE 45%
   STRONGLY/SOMETIME DISAPPROVE 53%
   1. Strongly approve 22%
   2. Somewhat approve 23%
   3. Somewhat disapprove 11%
   4. Strongly disapprove 42%
   5. Unsure 2%

5. [QApprovalEconomic] Do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling the U.S. economy? [RANDOMIZE SCALE 1-4, 4-1]
   STRONGLY/SOMETIME APPROVE 42%
   STRONGLY/SOMETIME DISAPPROVE 56%
   1. Strongly approve 19%
   2. Somewhat approve 23%
   3. Somewhat disapprove 12%
   4. Strongly disapprove 44%
   5. Unsure 2%

6. [QGenericCongressional] If the election for U.S. House of Representatives in your district were held today, would you vote for…? [RANDOMIZE SCALE 1-4, 4-1]
   DEFINITELY/PROBABLY THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE 46%
   DEFINITELY/PROBABLY THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE 45%
   1. The Republican candidate, definitely 34%
   2. The Republican candidate, probably 12%
   3. The Democratic candidate, probably 12%
   4. The Democratic candidate, definitely 32%
   5. Unsure 9%

7. [QIssues] If you had to choose, which one or two of the following would you say is the biggest issue facing the country today? [SELECT MULTIPLE, UP TO TWO] [RANDOMIZE 1-14]
   1. The economy and inflation 60%
   2. Gun control 22%
   3. Immigration 18%
   4. Crime and public safety 14%
   5. Healthcare 10%
   6. COVID-19 9%
   7. National security 8%
   8. The environment 8%
   9. The war between Russia and Ukraine 8%
   10. Income inequality 6%
   11. Jobs 4%
   12. Criminal justice reform 4%
   13. Education 4%
   14. Regulating the technology industry 1%
   15. Something else (Please specify) 5%
   16. Unsure 1%
8. [Favorability Battery] Do you have a favorable or unfavorable view of the following technology companies? [DISPLAY AS GRID] [RANDOMIZE ROWS] [RANDOMIZE SCALE 1-5, 5-1]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Very favorable 6%</th>
<th>Somewhat favorable 15%</th>
<th>Heard of, no opinion 22%</th>
<th>Somewhat unfavorable 31%</th>
<th>Very unfavorable 40%</th>
<th>Never heard of 49%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amazon</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>*%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Google</td>
<td>41%</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apple</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facebook</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Twitter</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TikTok</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. [Enjoy Battery] How much, if at all, do you enjoy using each of the following technology services in their current form? [DISPLAY AS GRID] [RANDOMIZE ROWS] [RANDOMIZE SCALE 1-4, 4-1]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Enjoy a lot 85%</th>
<th>Enjoy a little 7%</th>
<th>Do not enjoy much 56%</th>
<th>Do not enjoy at all 29%</th>
<th>Do not use this service 4%</th>
<th>Unsure 2%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Google Search</td>
<td>85%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>56%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shopping on Amazon.com</td>
<td>81%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Google Maps</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amazon Prime Membership</td>
<td>62%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facebook Messenger</td>
<td>62%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amazon Video</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Google Play</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apple App Store</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amazon Music</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apple Music</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WhatsApp</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. [QAICOA] Congress is debating a bill that would prohibit companies such as Google, Amazon, Facebook, and Apple from promoting their products and services on the platforms they own. For example, the use of Facebook Ads and Google Maps. The regulation would only apply to these companies because they are above a certain size while their competitors would be exempt from the regulation. Do you think it is fair or unfair for Congress to target companies based on their size versus their conduct? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Opinion</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fair</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unfair</td>
<td>51%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsure</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11. [QTargeted] Which of the following comes closest to your view, even if neither is exactly right?

If Congress were to pass new regulations on technology companies, they should be…

[RANDOMIZE 1-2]

1. Applied to all companies equally 62%
2. Applied only to companies which meet Congress’s definition of “Big Tech” 23%
3. Unsure 15%

12. [QSizeRegulate] Some lawmakers introduced proposals that would regulate businesses offering online tech services above a certain size while their offline (brick and mortar) competitors would not be subjected to the same regulation.

Do you think it is fair or unfair for lawmakers to treat businesses differently solely because of their size? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]

1. Fair 28%
2. Unfair 51%
3. Unsure 21%

13. [QRegulateFocus] Some politicians are proposing new regulations for online services like Amazon Prime, Google Search, and the Apple App Store.

Do you think this should be a top priority for politicians, or do you think other issues are more important right now? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]

1. This should be a top priority 16%
2. Other issues are more important right now 75%
3. Unsure 9%

14. [QTopInternetPriority] Which of the following internet or technology issues should be the biggest priority for Congress? Select up to three. [RANDOMIZE 1-10] [SELECT MULTIPLE, UP TO THREE]

1. Protecting children from predators online 46%
2. Protecting against cyberattacks 40%
3. Protecting users’ privacy and data from bad actors 31%
4. Fighting misinformation and disinformation online 31%
5. Protecting free speech online and opposing censorship 23%
6. Protecting children from ad targeting online 21%
7. Stopping online bullying and harassment 20%
8. Limiting sales of user data for advertising 13%
9. Ensuring leading American companies can compete with foreign competitors 13%
10. Breaking up big technology companies to make them smaller 9%
11. Something else (Please specify) 2%
12. None of these 2%
13. Unsure 4%

15. [QTechPriority] Which of the following is a greater priority for you when it comes to technology companies and online services? [RANDOMIZE 1-5]

1. Privacy and data security online 40%
2. Limiting the spread of disinformation and hate speech online 24%
3. Pressuring tech companies to better respect principles of free speech 12%
4. Making U.S. technology companies more competitive against foreign companies 12%
5. Reforming competition and antitrust laws 5%
6. Unsure 6%
POLITICIANS AND TECH

[RANDOMIZE ORDER OF QSOLVE, QTRUSTPRIVACY, AND QTRUSTCOMPETE]

16. [QSolve] Who do you think is best at resolving problems or disputes between different technology companies and digital services? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Consumers and businesses through the free market  53%
   2. The federal government  27%
   3. Unsure  21%

17. [QTrustPrivacy] Who do you trust more to come up with solutions for protecting data privacy online? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Consumers and businesses through the free market  53%
   2. The federal government  29%
   3. Unsure  18%

18. [QTrustCompete] Who do you trust more to increase the level of competition in digital markets? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Consumers and businesses through the free market  61%
   2. The federal government  20%
   3. Unsure  19%

[RANDOMIZE ORDER OF QCONGRESSUNDERSTAND AND QCONGRESSREGULATE]

19. [QCongressUnderstand] Which of the following comes closest to your view, even if neither is exactly right?

   Members of Congress generally… [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Understand how technology companies work  26%
   2. Do not understand how technology companies work  57%
   3. Unsure  17%

20. [QCongressRegulate] Which of the following comes closest to your view, even if neither is exactly right?

   Members of Congress… [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Understand the technology sector enough to effectively regulate it  26%
   2. Do not understand the technology sector enough to effectively regulate it  58%
   3. Unsure  16%

21. [QCongressPreparedness] Would you prefer Congress regulate technology companies even if they don’t understand how it works, or should they seek to learn more about technology companies before they regulate it? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Congress should regulate technology companies regardless of their understanding  15%
   2. Congress should learn more about technology companies before they regulate them  74%
   3. Unsure  12%
22. [QEconPriority] Which of the following is a greater priority for you when it comes to the economy? [RANDOMIZE 1-7]

1. Inflation 59%
2. Poverty 11%
3. Protecting the environment and tackling climate change 10%
4. Inequality 6%
5. The job market 5%
6. The stock market 4%
7. Changing competition and antitrust laws 2%
8. Unsure 3%

23. [QRRegulateCost] If new regulations were to raise prices for online services like Amazon Prime, Google Search, and the Apple App Store, would you support or oppose new regulations on online services? [RANDOMIZE SCALE 1-4, 4-1]

STRONGLY/SOMEWHA...
26. [QRegulationImpact] If a proposal designed to address perceived competition concerns in the tech industry were to negatively impact data privacy and security of user data online, would you support or oppose that proposal? [RANDOMIZE SCALE 1-4, 4-1]
   STRONGLY/SOMewhat SUPPORT 20%
   STRONGLY/SOMewhat OPPOSE 64%
   1. Strongly support 8%
   2. Somewhat support 13%
   3. Somewhat oppose 22%
   4. Strongly oppose 42%
   5. Unsure 16%

27. [QContentModeration] Do you think that technology companies should be allowed to moderate the content that appears on their platforms if they think that content contains harassment, hate speech, and false information? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. They should be allowed to moderate content on their platforms 58%
   2. They should not be allowed to moderate content on their platforms 29%
   3. Unsure 14%

28. [QContentModerationLevel] In general, do you think tech platforms, such as Instagram, Amazon, Etsy, and YouTube, should remove more content from their sites, or should they keep more content up? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Sites should remove more content 29%
   2. Sites should leave up more content 25%
   3. There should be no change 26%
   4. Unsure 20%

29. [QPrices] Which of the following comes closest to your view, even if neither is exactly right? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Keeping costs of digital services low should be a priority when considering whether or not to impose new regulations on big technology companies 65%
   2. Imposing new regulations on big technology companies should be a priority, even if it results in increased consumer costs for digital services 20%
   3. Unsure 15%

30. [QInnovation] Which of the following comes closest to your view, even if neither is exactly right?

   Breaking up big technology companies to make them smaller would make the U.S. technology industry... [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. More competitive against foreign technology companies 33%
   2. Less competitive against foreign technology companies 39%
   3. Unsure 28%

31. [QPause] Before regulating big technology companies, do you think Congress should pause to consider whether regulation would make American companies more competitive or less competitive on the global stage? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Yes 70%
   2. No 12%
   3. Unsure 18%
32. [QRegulatePrivacy] Some lawmakers have introduced proposals mandating that technology companies allow businesses operating on their platforms — like app developers or merchants on Amazon — more access to users’ private data so they can market their products to users outside of those platforms.

Do you think that… [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
1. Congress should require technology companies to share this user data with other companies 16%
2. Congress should allow technology companies to keep this user data private 68%
3. Unsure 15%

[Randomize QRegulatePrivacyBiometric and QRegulatePrivacyForeign]

33. [QRegulatePrivacyBiometric] Users’ private data that could be shared with companies operating on their platforms could include credit card numbers or biometric data.

Knowing this, do you think that… [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
1. Congress should require technology platforms to share this user data with other companies 14%
2. Congress should allow technology platforms to keep this user data private 75%
3. Unsure 11%

34. [QRegulatePrivacyForeign] Some critics point out that the companies that technology platforms would be required to share data with could have ties to foreign adversaries, like Russia or China.

Knowing this, do you think that… [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
1. Congress should require technology platforms to share this user data with other companies 14%
2. Congress should allow technology platforms to keep this user data private 73%
3. Unsure 13%

35. [QRegulateDisinfo] Some lawmakers have introduced proposals that would prohibit technology platforms from treating any one company using their platform differently than any other. Supporters say it’s bad for big companies to differentiate between users on their service. Critics say that this would deter technology platforms from enforcing common-sense rules against bad actors, like scammers trying to peddle fraudulent products or Russian state media publishing false information about the war in Ukraine.

Do you think that… [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
1. Tech platforms should be allowed to differentiate between companies that use their service 43%
2. Tech platforms should not be allowed to differentiate between companies that use their service 30%
3. Unsure 27%
36. [QNatSecInvolvedPre] In general, do you think that the government breaking up large technology companies like Apple, Google, or Amazon will have…? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
1. Positive national security implications 26%
2. Negative national security implications 41%
3. No impact on national security 32%

37. [National Security Battery] If you knew each of the following statements were true, would it make you more supportive or less supportive of increased government regulations on big technology companies? [DISPLAY AS GRID] [RANDOMIZE ROWS] [RANDOMIZE SCALE 1-5, 5-1]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Much more supportive</th>
<th>2. Somewhat more supportive</th>
<th>3. Neither more nor less supportive</th>
<th>4. Somewhat less supportive</th>
<th>5. Much less supportive</th>
<th>6. Unsure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Regulations that force American companies to share private user data with other companies in the name of interoperability creates an open door for companies tied to the People’s Republic of China to spy on Americans’ private data.</td>
<td>MUCH/SWMH SMWHT SUPPORT SUPPORT.</td>
<td>MUCH/SWMH LESS Much more support.</td>
<td>Neither more nor less support.</td>
<td>Smwht less support.</td>
<td>Much less support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23%</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breaking up large technology companies to make them smaller will leave American companies with fewer resources to combat cyberattacks and develop new cybersecurity methods.</td>
<td>MUCH/SWMH SMWHT SUPPORT SUPPORT.</td>
<td>MUCH/SWMH LESS Much more support.</td>
<td>Neither more nor less support.</td>
<td>Smwht less support.</td>
<td>Much less support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24%</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regulations that prevent American tech companies from moderating content on their platforms gives free rein to authoritarian regimes like Russia and China to spread disinformation and propaganda on these platforms, using our own technology against us.</td>
<td>MUCH/SWMH SMWHT SUPPORT SUPPORT.</td>
<td>MUCH/SWMH LESS Much more support.</td>
<td>Neither more nor less support.</td>
<td>Smwht less support.</td>
<td>Much less support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26%</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The American technology industry is the envy of the world. Breaking up these companies to make them smaller makes this key American industry less competitive at a time when cyberwarfare and disinformation attacks are at their highest.</td>
<td>MUCH/SWMH SMWHT SUPPORT SUPPORT.</td>
<td>MUCH/SWMH LESS Much more support.</td>
<td>Neither more nor less support.</td>
<td>Smwht less support.</td>
<td>Much less support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arbitrary rules that prevent American companies from merging with other companies leave our companies more vulnerable to competition from China and other countries, who will do whatever it takes to dominate the U.S. market.</td>
<td>MUCH/SWMH SMWHT SUPPORT SUPPORT.</td>
<td>MUCH/SWMH LESS Much more support.</td>
<td>Neither more nor less support.</td>
<td>Smwht less support.</td>
<td>Much less support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
38. [QNAtSecInvolvedPost] Knowing what you now know, do you think that the government breaking up large technology companies like Apple, Google, or Amazon will have…?

[Randomize 1-2]
1. Positive national security implications 23%
2. Negative national security implications 52%
3. No impact on national security 25%

DEMOGRAPHICS

39. [Q2020Ballot] For which candidate did you vote in the 2020 presidential election?

[Randomize 1-2]
1. Donald Trump 46%
2. Joe Biden 48%
3. Jo Jorgensen 1%
4. Howie Hawkins *%
5. Kanye West *%
6. Someone else *%
7. I did not vote 4%
8. Unsure 1%

40. [QParty] Regardless of how you typically vote, would you say you consider yourself a…?

[Randomize Scale 1-5, 5-1]
Strong/Not Very Strong Republican 38%
Strong/Not Very Strong Democrat 40%
1. Strong Republican 27%
2. Not very strong Republican 11%
3. Independent 20%
4. Not very strong Democrat 11%
5. Strong Democrat 28%
6. A member of another party 1%
7. Unsure 2%

IF INDEPENDENT OR UNSURE [QParty=3 OR 7], ASK:

41. [QPartyLean] Which of the following statements would you say best describes you?

[Randomize Scale 1-4, 4-1]
(n=2518)
1. I almost always vote for Republican candidates 8%
2. I vote for Republicans more often than I vote for Democrats 23%
3. I vote for Democrats more often than I vote for Republicans 20%
4. I almost always vote for Democratic candidates 9%
5. I vote equally for Democrats and Republicans 28%
6. Unsure 12%

[QPartyConsolidated] QParty + QPartyLean
1. Republican 46%
2. Democrat 44%
3. Independent 6%
4. Member of Another Party 1%
5. Unsure 3%
IF IDENTIFIES AS REPUBLICAN OR VOTES FOR REPUBLICANS MORE OFTEN THAN DEMOCRATS [QParty=1-2 OR QPartyLean=1-2], ASK:

42. [QTrumpGOP] Would you say you consider yourself to be primarily a supporter of Donald Trump, or a supporter of the Republican Party? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]

   (n=4321)
   1. Supporter of Donald Trump  44%
   2. Supporter of the Republican Party  49%
   3. I don’t support either one  6%
   4. Unsure  1%

ASK ALL:

43. [QIdeology] Regardless of how you typically vote, would you say you consider yourself to be...? [RANDOMIZE SCALE 1-5, 5-1]

   VERY/SOMEWHAT CONSERVATIVE  38%
   VERY/SOMEWHAT LIBERAL  27%
   1. Very conservative  19%
   2. Somewhat conservative  19%
   3. Moderate  32%
   4. Somewhat liberal  15%
   5. Very liberal  12%
   6. Unsure  3%

44. [QSocial] Which social media platforms or apps do you use? [SELECT MULTIPLE] [RANDOMIZE 1-10]

   1. Facebook  76%
   2. YouTube  65%
   3. Instagram  40%
   4. Pinterest  29%
   5. Twitter  28%
   6. TikTok  27%
   7. LinkedIn  21%
   8. Snapchat  20%
   9. WhatsApp  15%
   10. Reddit  12%
   11. Something else (Please specify)  1%
   12. None of these  8%

45. [QIncome] Which range includes your annual household income?

   1. Less than $30,000 per year  27%
   2. $30,000 to $49,999 per year  21%
   3. $50,000 to $74,999 per year  21%
   4. $75,000 to $125,000 per year  17%
   5. More than $125,000 per year  10%
   6. Prefer not to say  3%

46. [QUrbanRural] How would you describe the area in which you live?

   1. City  30%
   2. Suburb near a city  43%
   3. Small town not near a city  10%
   4. Rural or country area  18%
47. [QMarital] What is your current marital status?
   1. Single, never married  26%
   2. Married  46%
   3. Separated  3%
   4. Divorced  15%
   5. Widowed  9%
   6. Prefer not to say  1%

48. [QKids] Do you currently have children under the age of 18 in your home?
   1. Yes  25%
   2. No  74%
   3. Prefer not to say  1%

SCREENERS (ASKED AT BEGINNING OF SURVEY)

49. [QIndustry] Do you or does anyone in your household work in any of the following industries? [SELECT MULTIPLE] [RANDOMIZE 1-7]
   1. Technology  3%
   2. Sales  4%
   3. Healthcare or the pharmaceutical industry  9%
   4. Journalism or the media -
   5. Food service or the restaurant industry  5%
   6. Market research -
   7. Public relations -
   8. None of these  82%
   9. Unchecked  97%
   10. Checked  3%

50. [QRegVote] Are you at least 18 years old and registered to vote?
   1. Yes  100%
   2. No -
   3. Unsure -

51. [QTurnout] How likely are you to vote in the November 2022 general election? Will you definitely vote, probably vote, probably NOT vote, or definitely NOT vote?
   DEFINITELY/PROBABLY VOTE  97%
   DEFINITELY/PROBABLY NOT VOTE  3%
   1. Definitely vote  81%
   2. Probably vote  16%
   3. Probably NOT vote  3%
   4. Definitely NOT vote -
   5. Unsure -

52. [QGender] Do you describe yourself as a man, a woman, or in some other way? [RANDOMIZE 1-2]
   1. Man  47%
   2. Woman  53%
   3. In some other way *%
53. [QRace] What is your race or ethnicity? [SELECT MULTIPLE] [RANDOMIZE 1-6]
   1. White 77%
   2. Black or African American 12%
   3. Hispanic or Latino 9%
   4. Asian 4%
   5. Native American or Alaska Native 2%
   6. Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander *
   7. Something else (Please specify) 1%
   8. Prefer not to say *

54. [QEducation] What is the highest level of education you have completed?
   1. High school or less 22%
   2. Some college 24%
   3. Associate’s degree 14%
   4. Bachelor’s degree 28%
   5. Graduate degree 12%
   6. Prefer not to say 1%

55. [QAge] What is your age? [VALIDATED TEXT BOX] [TERMINATE IF UNDER 18]
   1. 18-29 10%
   2. 30-39 13%
   3. 40-49 15%
   4. 50-64 29%
   5. 65+ 34%

56. [QState] In which state do you live? [50 STATE DROPDOWN]
   1. Other 72%
   2. FL 7%
   3. TX 7%
   4. NC 3%
   5. AL 2%
   6. AZ 2%
   7. IN 2%
   8. AR 1%
   9. KS 1%
   10. LA 1%
   11. MS 1%
   12. AK *
   13. MT *
   14. ND *
   15. SD *
METHODOLOGY

N = 9,227 Registered Voters were surveyed from June 17-24, 2022. N = 2,031 were surveyed nationally, with the remaining from the following states: Alabama (n = 530), Alaska (n = 260), Arizona (n = 724), Arkansas (n = 419), Florida (n = 957), Indiana (n = 641), Kansas (n = 420), Louisiana (n = 534), Montana (n = 379), Mississippi (n = 443), North Carolina (n = 877), North Dakota (n = 249), South Dakota (n = 395), and Texas (n = 975). Respondents were sampled via web panels.

The full sample was weighted to population benchmarks for 2022 Likely Electorate nationally and statewide on gender, age, race/ethnicity, education, and 2020 vote. State samples were also weighted on DMA. All benchmarks for the 2022 Likely Electorate were adjusted for turnout estimates based on a probabilistic model of the likely 2022 midterm electorate derived from the L2 voter file. Estimates for gender, age, and party, were derived from the L2 voter file. Estimates for race/ethnicity and education were derived from the US Census Bureau’s American Community Survey demographic data adjusted to match voter registration estimates from the November 2020 Current Population Survey Voting and Registration Supplement.

Data quality measures included measures to prevent and remove duplicate responses based on IP address and voter file matches.

The margin of error is calculated the way it would be for a random sample and adjusted to incorporate the effect of weighting is ± 2.1 percentage points, nationally. Statewide margins of error are as follows: Alabama ± 5.1, Alaska ± 9.3, Arizona ± 4.4, Arkansas ± 5.7, Florida ± 3.7, Indiana ± 4.5, Kansas ± 5.5, Louisiana ± 5.1, Montana ± 6.2, Mississippi ± 6.0, North Carolina ± 3.9, North Dakota ± 8.1, South Dakota ± 6.5, and Texas ± 3.8.